3 Indicted on Perjury Charges in Loan Probe: 2 Sou Houston, Paul Los Angeles Times (1923-Current File); May 17, 1971; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times (1881-1990) pg. A4

# 3 Indicted on Perjury Charges in Loan Probe

### 2 Southland Businessmen, Florida Man Accused of Lying in Swindle Testimony

## BY PAUL HOUSTON Times Staff Writer

Two local businessmen and one from Florida have been indicted by a federal grand jury here on perju-ry charges stemming from an investigation into an alleged \$15 million interna-tional swindle operation.

The Southern California part of the alleged swindle, it was learned, involve the bilking of a dozen re estate developers in the last 20 months. The vi involved in the The vic-lost \$2 last 20 months. The Vic-tims reportedly lost \$2 million to \$3 million pay-ing fees in a tight money market for foreign loans that never materialized.

U.S. investigators consider the alleged swindles the most sophisticated ever seen in the country. One reason is that headquarters assertedly are based on two remote islands. lands.

Indicted for allegedly giving false testimony to the grand jury here were Ronald Gene Gibson, 30, of 848 Larrabee St., Wendell Thompson, 55, of 730 E. Elmwood Ave, Burbank, and Philip M. Wilson, 34, of Hollywood, Fla.

#### Denies Role for Bank

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U.S. Dist, Judge E.
Avery Crary set bond of
\$100.000 each for Wilson
and Gibson and \$15,000 for
Thompson. They will be
arraigned in the "near future," said U.S. Atty.
Robert L. Meyer and Asst.
U.S. Atty. Richard Kirshner, who is in charge of
the continuing investigation.

tion. Wilson is accused falsely stating he never acted as a representative of the Bank of Sark and that he was stricktly a broker for Transcontinental Casualty Insurance Co.

sualty Insurance Co.

Those two institutions—
the former based on a tiny
island in the English
Channel, the latter in the
Bahamas—have been the
focus of a three-year investigation by agents for
the FBI, U.S. Postal Service, Securities and Exchange Commission and
agencies in Europe, South
America and the Bahamas,

Americanas.

The investigations, was learned, concern whether Transcontinental and the Bank of Sark are merely fronts for fraudulent insurance sales, real estate loan commitments and other activities by 25 to 30 world. ments and other activities carried out by 25 to 30 men around the world.

Wilson is under federal

Wilson is under federal indictment in St. Louis for alleged insurance fraud in a case that involves the Bank of Sark.

Thompson is under federal indictment in Alabama for alleged insurance fraud, and Gibson was convicted two years ago of the interstate transportation of money taken by fraud. He was placed on probation.

Thompson is accused by the grand jury here of lying when he testified he never received any money from Transcontinental and was never an officer of the firm.

Gibson is charged with falsely denying he boasted to anyone that he was related to Teamsters Union leader Jimmy Hof-

According to the indict-ments, the local investiga-tion concerns several pos-sible fraud violations.

sible fraud violations.

U.S. Atty. Meyer declined comment on details, but it was learned that victims of alleged swindles in Southern California include the developers of convalescent hospitals and mobile home parks.

The alleged scheme

The alleged scheme flourished while loan money was scarce at rates were high. was scarce and interest

Loan Offers Described Developers who adver-tised they needed money allegedly were contacted tised they needed money allegedly were contacted by a representative of Transcontinental who offered to provide loans of from \$300,000 to \$2 million within six months to two years

To bolster the credibility of Transcontinental, the Bank of Sark allegedly was used as a credit refer-

The Transcontinental representative was paid a fee for processing the loan commitment papers.

The borrower took the commitment papers to a local bank or other lending institution in order to obtain interim financing. Allegedly, the Transcontinental commitment was obtain interim financing. Allegedly, the Transcontinental commitment was to repay the interim loan at a later period. Not a single local institution reportedly went along with the scheme, however. And no borrower allegedly was able to get back the fee he paid the Transcontinental man.